

Bb-Protec

Biological insecticide for use against spider mite, whitefly and other agricultural pests

Bb-Protec contains the insect-pathogenic fungus Beauveria bassiana strain R444 and is effective against red spider mite, whitefly, mealybug, and false codling moth. It is non-toxic, has zero MRL constraints and is suitable for use in both conventional and organic agricultural practices.

Mode of Action of Bb-Protec





Product information

Key benefits Infects multiple insect pests, affects all life stages of most target pests, unique and complex mode

Bb-Protec can infect its target by

and production of fungal enzymes

– Direct penetration of cuticle (contact); or

– Ingestion of spores while feeding

Bb-Protec can affect all life stages of many target insects

Time to death depends on the pest, life stage and environmental conditions





Left: False codling moth larvae right: Stinkbug

AgriSil K50

and Bb-Protec

Bb-Protec

alone

Under optimal temperature and humidity conditions, the fungus sporulates on the outside of the dead insect; For harder bodied insects/instars (e.g. adult stinkbugs) the fungus grows out of the softer parts of the insect's body such as the joints and mouth parts; Insect death can occur without external sporulation taking place.

Field results



of action (resistance management), no MRL constraints, non-toxic, friendly towards many beneficials, approved for organic farming, unique and easy to use formulation **Active ingredient** Beauveria bassiana strain R444 **Strain benefits** Strain R444 was isolated from a hot and dry region of South Africa, and is therefore adapted to these conditions

Concentration 1×10^8 CFU/g **Standard dose rate** 300g/ha – 1000g/ha depending on the crop and level of pest pressure **Formulation type** Wettable powder **Shelf life** 2 years at 4 – 10 °C **Crops** Vegetables, berries, grapes, tree crops, potatoes, ornamentals and others **Mixibility** Generally compatible with insecticides and

fertilisers. Not compatible with many broad-spectrum fungicides



Left: Red spider mite right: Mealyburg 1st instar

– Small soft bodied pests (e.g. red spider mite) 3-5 days to death;

– Large harder bodied pests (e.g. stinkbug) 7–14 days to death

Bb-Protec alters feeding behaviour before insect death

Pre 7DA-A 7DA-B 7DA-C 7DA-D 7DA-E 8DA-F 6DA-G

AgriSil K50

alone

Figure 2: Photograph comparing plant damage caused by red spider mite on untre-

ated, Bb-Protec treated and silicone treated brinjals. The combination of Bb-Protec

and silicone showed a reduction in plant damage and an increase in plant vigour

Figure 1: Number of red spider mite per 10 strawberry leaves assessed 7 days after each application (AgriGeos, Italy, 2019).

Trials with red spider mite on brinjals

Untreated

Control

compared to the untreated control.

Figure 3: Percentage of cucumber leaves infested with whitefly 3 days after the 4th application (Sele Agroresearch Srl, Italy, 2017).



Figure 4: Number of live predatory phytoseiid mites on 30 leaves 7 days after the third application (ARA Sperimentazioni in Agricoltura, Italy, 2017).

