EU Minor Uses a Place for Biocontrol Solutions

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EU Minor Uses Coordination Facility

Annual Biocontrol Industry Meeting, 19-21 October 2015, Basel





EU Minor Uses: a bit of history

► The EU Minor Uses Coordination Facility

Biocontrol Solutions



EU Minor Uses a Place for Biocontrol Solutions



Minor Uses - definition

Regulation (EC) 1107/2009 - Article 3(26):

Use of a plant protection product in a particular Member State on plants or plant products which are:

(a) not widely grown in that Member State,

or

(b) widely grown to meet an exceptional plant protection need

Is this a workable definition?

Minor Uses - Importance

Representing 22% of the value of the entire EU plant production value; 3% of the cultivated area.



Across the EU these minor crops represent a value of more than 70 billion Euros per year.

Report on Minor Uses

Article 51(9):

- By 14 December 2011, the Commission shall present a report to the European Parliament and the Council on the establishment of a European fund for minor uses, accompanied, if appropriate, by a legislative proposal".
 - Report was adopted on 18 February 2014.

Key-messages:

- the creation of an independent Coordination Facility on minor uses which is co-funded by the Commission;
- Commission will support an ERANET on Integrated Pest Management with specific reference to minor uses.

Coordination Facility

- Hosted by EPPO (in Paris) and jointly funded by the EU and by the governments of France, Germany and the Netherlands.
- Grant contract was signed on 15 April 2015.
- Coordinator started 1 September 2015.





Diagram of relationship



Coordination Facility - Mission

The mission of the Facility is 'to enable farmers in the EU to produce high quality crops by filling minor uses gaps through efficient collaboration to improve availability of chemical and non-chemical tools within an integrated pest management (IPM) framework'.



Member States and Stakeholders

(growers, industry, international organisations)















european farmers

european agri-cooperatives







Sustainable Use Directive 2009/128/EC

- Achieve a sustainable use of pesticides by promoting the use of Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and of alternative techniques such as non-chemical methods.
- ► IPM:
 - Low pesticide input management;
 - Consideration of all available plant protection measures;
 - Pests and diseases kept at levels which are economically and ecologically justifiable;
 - Healthy crops with least possible disruption to agro-ecosystems.

Definition of "non-chemical methods"

Non-chemical methods' means alternative methods to chemical pesticides for plant protection and pest management, based on agronomic techniques, or physical, mechanical or biological pest control methods;





Increasing Interest in Biological Control

- It fits within IPM-strategies for a sustainable agriculture.
- To overcome problems with resistance. Applications with conventional chemicals can be alternated with biological control.
- Residues. More and more large supermarkets apply a zero-residue policy. When replacing the last chemical treatments by biological a zero-residue situation can be achieved.
- The lack of new active substances.

C-IPM-ERANET

- ERANETs are research coordination instruments whereby Member States can coordinate their National research activities and ultimately fund joint projects.
- C-IPM stands for 'Coordinated Integrated Pest Management in Europe'.
- C-IPM-ERANET Work Package 3: to identify IPM solutions for use in minor crops or to address situations of exceptional plant protection needs in major crops.
- This IPM research programme focuses on non-chemical alternatives.
- Optimisation of pesticide use within 'current' crop protection systems, substitution via the adoption of non-chemical strategies, and to a redesign of current production systems.



C-IPM-ERANET

Minor Uses Research proposals:

Cabbage root fly and carrot fly

- Improve Decision Support Systems (predictive tools)
- Integration of biocontrol solutions

Mites in berries and small fruits

- Improve knowledge of biology of pest and predators and their interactions

Soil borne pests and diseases

- Develop new biological control agents for key pests by improving the knowledge of relationship between:
 - the crop and its pests,
 - pests and their antagonists and/or natural enemies



Commodity Expert Groups

Currently there are 6 Commodity Expert Groups:

- CEG fruit and vegetables
- CEG ornamentals
- CEG tobacco
- CEG rice
- CEG hops
- CEG seeds











Ongoing Projects CEG

Project
-Milbemectin
-Cyazypyr
-Control of Senecio vulgaris in herbs and salad
-Control of Poa annua
-Flonicamid
-Dimethenamid-P
-Metobromuron
-Spinetoram

Pest/Crop	a.i. / ppp
Spider Mites	Bifenazate/ Acramite
Spider Mites/	Acequinocyl/ Kanemite
Spider Mites/	Cyflumetofen
Aphids/	Sulfoxaflor/ Isoclast
Aphids/	Flupyradifurone
Downy mildew	Captan
European corn borer, Rosy rustic moth	Chlorantraniliprole

SCEPTRE (UK)

Potential new pesticide and/or biopesticide products have been identified to fill many of the crop protection gaps on edible crops arising from changing legislation.

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		FV disease	ae ar	nd n	Det	6			
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	Crop	Target pest	Pesti	cides		Вюре	esticid	es	
	Brassica	Alternaria	Cas	Sig	28	06	43	47	
		Downy mildew	Cas	Sig	26	47	-	-	
		Powdery mildew	25a	28	89	90	11+	40+90	
		Ring spot	Cas	10	25a	Ser	43	90	
	Leek	Rust	Cas	31	118	Ser	47	105	
	Spring onion	Downy mildew	Cas	181	197	-	-	-	
	Brassica	Aphid	50	59	60	69	92	130	
		Caterpillar	48	143	-	Lep	64	130	
		Cabbage root fly	50	55	198	130	-	-	
	Carrot	Aphid	50	54	75	-	-	-	
	Lettuce	Aphid	50	59	60	130	-	-	
	Leek	Thrips	48	50	54	62	130	-	F

ECOPHYTO (FR)

Which options to reduce pesticide use?

- Exposure to pesticides and human health
- Biocontrol solutions
- Novel technologies
- Genetic solutions
- Integrated approach
- Impact to the environment



Global Minor Use Workshop

20-22 September 2015, Chicago (USA)
Priority projects

	Priority A
Glasshouse	Aphids, lettuce Flonicamid, Pymetrozine, Cyantraniliprole, Sulfoxaflor
Temperate	Downy mildew, leafy vegetables Zoxamide, Acibenzolar, Ametoctradin + Dimethomorph, Fluopicolide + Propamocarb, Cyazofamid, Oxathiapiprolin, Famoxadone + Cymoxanil
Tropical	Fruit flies, inedible peel Spinosad, Cyantraniliprole, Kaolin

Databases

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Recommendations

- Increase role of growers and agricultural advisory services
- Increase knowledge Crop-Pest-Predators: biology and interactions
- Improve timing of application of pesticides
- Increase information sharing and communication: currently knowledge and research is fragmented
- Aim for an integrated approach

Role of Biocontrol industry:

- Production of biopesticides: Quantity, quality and logistics
- Bigger portofolio: aim to cover all pests and diseases in a specific crop
- Active participation in CEGs and other (national) projects
- Pro-active: work together across borders





INTERNATIONAL BIOCONTROI MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION

Toolbox







EU Minor Uses a Place for Biocontrol Solutions



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



ANY QUESTIONS



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